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[L.S.]

A. N. RICHARDS.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our faithful the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our Province of British Columbia, and summoned and called to a meeting of the Legislature or Parliament of Our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, on Monday, the Twenty-fifth day of July instant, to have been commenced and held, and every of you - GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. A. WALKEM, \ WHEREAS the meeting of Attorneu-Generat. - Y Y the Legislature or Parliament of the Province of British Columbia, stands called for Monday, the Twenty-fifth day of July instant, at which time, at Our City of Victoria, you were held and constrained to appear.

NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our loving subjects, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Executive Council of the Province of British Columbia, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid; hereby convoking, and by these presents enjoining you, and each of you, that on Monday, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our said Legislature or Parliament of Our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, and therein to do as may seem necessary. Herein fail not.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Public Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, the Honourable ALBERT NORTON RICHARDS, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this Nineteenth day of July, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign. Command.

By Command.

JAMES CHARLES PREVOST,
District Registrar of Victoria Judicial District.

Govennment Aotices.

NOTICE

COURT OF ASSIZE will be held at each of the A undermentioned places, viz.:-

At Clinton, 27th October, 1881. ,, Kamloops, 3rd November, ,,

By Command.

T. B. HUMPHREYS, Provincial Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., 12th September, 1881.

NOTICE.

YOUNTY COURTS will be held at the times and places following:-

VICTORIA, on the first Wednesday in the months of October, November, and December, 1881.

NANAIMO, on the second Wednesday in October and December, 1881.

NEW WESTMINSTER, on the third Wednesday in October and November, 1881.

YALE, on Monday the 24th of October, 1881.

Kamloops, on the 3rd of October, 1st of November, and 1st of December, 1881.

CLINTON, on the 12th day of October, 1881.

LILLOOET, on the 15th day of October, 1881.

RICHFIELD, on the 21st of October, on the 7th and 21st of November, and on the 1st of December, 1881.

Soda Creek, on the 31st of October, 1881. QUESNELLE, on the 3rd of November, 1881.

By Command.
T. B. HUMPHREYS,

Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office, 1st October, 1881.

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Lot 470, Group 1, New Westminster District, has been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the Office of J. C. Hughes, Esq., Commissioner, New Westminster. Claimants to any portion of this land should prove up their claims as provided by the "Land Act, 1875."

GEO. A. WALKEM, Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works. Lands & Works Department, Victoria, August 8th, 1881.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Highway, 60 feet in width, is hereby established

Commencing at the intersection of the line between Lots 23 and 26 of subdivision of North part of Section 5, Victoria District, and the Southern line of Topaze Avenue; thence in a South-casterly direction along the line between said lots, and a continuation thereof, to Mr. Work's new road, a distance of 1650 links, more or less, and having a width of 30 feet on each side of said line.

GEO. A. WALKEM.

Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works. Lands & Works Department, Victoria, August 6th, 1881.

The Foreign Office to the Colonial Office.

(COPY.)

an Order in Council was passed on the 18th instant for carrying into effect the Treaty for the mutual surrender of Fugitive Criminals, signed at Berne on the 26th of November, 1880, between Great Britain and Switzerland.

The Order in Council was published in the *London Gazette* of the 20th instant, of which I am to enclose copies: and I am to add that the Treaty will come into operation in this country on the 30th instant, in conformity with the stipulation contained in Article I am, &e., TENTERDEN.

(Signed) The Under Secretary of State, Colonial Office, S. W.

EXTRACT FROM

THE LONDON GAZETTE

FRIDAY, MAY 20TH, 1881.

At the Court at Windsor, the 18th day of May, 1881. PRESENT,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. Lord President. Lord Steward. Earl of Northbrook.

WHEREAS by the Extradition Acts of 1870 and 1873, it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive eriminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Aets shall apply in the ease of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may acemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the twentysixth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty, between Her Majesty and the Swiss Feder country under a warrant issued by any Police Magis ral Council, for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive trate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority,

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND. tories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with, or convicted of, the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain eireumstances, be reciprocally delivered up, have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this

purpose, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Honourable Hussey Crespigny Vivian, a Companion of Her Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Her Majesty's Minister Resident

dent to the Swiss Confederation;
And the Swiss Federal Council, its Vice-President,
F. Anderwert, Federal Councillor and Chief of the
Federal Department of Justice and Police;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

ARTICLE I.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland engages to deliver up, under the circumstances and on the conditions stipulated in the present Treaty, all persons, and the Swiss Federal Conneil engages to deliver up, under the like circumstances and conditions, all persons, except Swiss citizens, who, having been charged with, or convicted by the Tribunals of one of the two High Contracting Parties of the crimes or offcuees enumerated in Article II, committed in the territory of the one party, shall

be found within the territory of the other.

In the event of the Federal Council being unable, by reason of his Swiss nationality, to grant the extra-dition of an individual, who after having committed in the United Kingdom one of the crimes or offences enumerated in Article II, should have taken refuge in Switzerland, the Federal Council engages to give legal effect to and prosecute the charge against him according to the laws of the Canton of his origin; and the Government of the United Kingdom engages to com-May 23nd, 1881.

Sir,—I am directed by Earl Granville to state to you, for the information of the Earl of Kimberley, that an Order in Council was passed on the 18th in the state to the rederal Council all documents, depositions, and proofs relating to the ease, and to cause the commissions of examination directed by the Swiss Judge, and transmitted through the proper Diplomatic channel, to be executed gratuitously. municate to the Federal Council all documents, depo-

ARTICLE II.

The erimes for which the extradition is to be granted are the following:

1. Murder (including infanticide) and attempt to

2. Manslaughter.

3. Counterfeiting or altering money, attering or bringing into circulation counterfeit or altered money.

4. Forgery, or counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged, or counterfeited, or altered; comprehending the crimes designated in the Penal Codes of both States as counterfeiting or falsification of paper money, bank notes, or other securities, forgery, or falsification of other public or private documents, likewise the uttering or bringing into circulation, or wilfully using such counterfeited, forged, or falsified papers

5. Embezzlement or lareeny.6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.

7. Crimes against bankruptey law.
8. Fraud committed by a baillee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any Company made criminal by any law for the time being in force.

9. Rape.

10. Abduction of minors.

11. Child stealing or kidnapping.

12. Burglary, or house-breaking, with criminal in tent.

- 13. Arson.14. Robbery with violence.15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to

16. Perjury or subornation of perjury.17. Malieious injury to property, if the offence be

The extradition is also to take place for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, as an accessory before or after the fact, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE III.

A fugitive criminal may be apprehended in either Council having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice, and to the prevention of erime within their respective territy. tice of the Peace, or other competent anthority exer

Requisitions for provisional arrest may be addressed Such requisitions must contain a description in general warrant has been granted for the arrest of the criminal, order. and that his extradition will be demanded.

He shall, in accordance with this Article, be discharged, as well in the United Kingdom as in Switzerland, if within the term of thirty days a requisition for extradition shall not have been made by the Diplomatic Agent of the country elaiming his surrender in accordance with the stipulations of this Treaty.

ARTICLE IV.

The requisition for extradition must always be made by the way of diplomacy, and to wit, in Switzerland by the British Minister to the President of the Confederation, and in the United Kingdom to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Swiss-Consul in London, who, for the purposes of this Treaty, is hereby recognized by Her Majesty as a Diplomatic or offence of which he has been convicted. Representative of Switzerland.

ARTICLE V.

In the dominions of Her Britannie Majesty, other than the Colonies or foreign possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

(a.) In the case of a person accused—
The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Diplomatic Representative of the Swiss Confederation. The said demand shall be accompanied by a warrant of arrest, or other equivalent judicial document, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take eognizance of the acts charged against the accused in Switzerland, and duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath, or solemnly declared to be true, before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him.

The said Principal Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannie Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the On the receipt of such order from the Secrefugitive. tary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the erime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant

accordingly.

When the person elaimed shall have been apprehended, he shall be brought before the Magistrate who issued the warrant, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner, if the erime of which he is accused had been committed in the United Kingdom, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the ease.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his

hand and seal, order the fugitive eriminal to be sent to such seaport town as shall, in each special case, be selected for his delivery to the Swiss Government.

(b.) In the ease of a person convicted-The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Diplomatic Representative of Switzerland in support of his requisition shall elearly set forth the erime or offence of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the place and date of his conviction.

The evidence to be produced shall consist of the penal sentence passed against the convicted person by the competent Court of the State elaiming his extra-

(c.) Persons convieted by judgment in default or arret de contumace shall be, in the matter of extradition, considered as persons accused, and may, as such,

(d.) After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await ernment shall be represented at the English Courts by

the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, such eises jurisdiction; provided, however, that, in the United Kingdom, the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. by post or by telegraph, provided they purport to be In the latter case, the Court may at once order his sent by some judicial or other competent authority. delivery to the person authorized to receive him, withdelivery to the person anthorized to receive him, without waiting for the order of a Secretary of State for terms of the crime or offence, and a statement that a his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such

ARTICLE VI.

In Switzerland the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:

The requisition for the extradition of an accused person must be accompanied by an authentic copy of the warrant of arrest, issued by a competent official or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the crime or offence of which he is accused, together with a properly legalized information setting forth the facts and evidence

upon which the warrant was granted.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by an authentic copy of the sentence or conviction, setting forth the crime

The requisition must also be accompanied by a description of the person claimed, and if it be possible, by other information and particulars which may serve

After having examined these documents, the Swiss Federal Council shall communicate them to the Cantonal Government in whose territory the person charged is found, in order that he may be examined by a judicial

or police officer on the subject of their contents.

The Cantonal Government will transmit the procesrerbal of the examination, together with all the documents, accompanied, if there be one, by a more detailed report to the Federal Council, who, after having examined them, and there be no opposition on either side, will grant the extradition, and will communicate its decision both to the British Legation and to the Cantonal Government in question, to the latter in order that it may send the person to be surrendered to such place on the frontier, and deliver him to such foreign police authority as the British Legation may name in each special case.

Should the documents furnished with a view of proving the facts, or of establishing the identity of the accused, or the particulars collected by the Swiss authorities appear insufficient, notice shall be immediately given to the Diplomatie Representative of Great Britain, in order that he may furnish further evidence. If such further evidence be not furnished within fifteen days the person arrested shall be set at liberty

In the event of the application of this Treaty being contested, the Swiss Federal Council will transmit the documents ("dossier") to the Swiss Federal Tribunal, whose duty it is to decide definitely the question whether extradition should be granted or refused.

The Federal Council will communicate the judgment of the Federal Tribunal to the British Legation. If this judgment grants the extradition the Federal Council will order its execution, as in the ease when the Federal Council itself grants the extradition. on the other hand, the Federal Tribunal refuses the extradition, the Federal Council will immediately order the person accused to be set at liberty.

ARTICLE VII.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the State applied to shall admit as entirely valid evidence the depositions or statements of witnesses, either sworn or solemnly declared to be true, taken in the other State, or eopies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, or eopies thereof, provided such documents purport to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of such State, and are authenticated by the official seal of a British Secretary of State, or of the Chaucellor of the Swiss Confederation, being affixed thereto.

The personal attendance of witnesses can be required only to establish the identity of the person who is being proceeded against with that of the person ar-

rested.

ARTICLE VIII.

If proof sufficient to warrant the extradition be not furnished within two months from the day of the apprehension, the person arrested shall be discharged from custody.

ARTICLE IX.

In eases where it may be necessary, the Swiss Gov-

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

New Westminster District, has been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the Office of J. C. Hughes, Esq., Commissioner, New Westminster. Claimants to any portion of this land should prove up their claims as provided by the "Land Act, 1875."

GEO. A. WALKEM,

GEO.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Highway, 60 feet in width, is hereby established

Commencing at the intersection of the line between Commencing at the intersection of the line between Lots 23 and 26 of subdivision of North part of Section 5, Victoria District, and the Southern line of Topaze Avenue; thence in a South-easterly direction along the line between said lots, and a continuation thereof, to Mr. Work's new road, a distance of 1650 links, more or less, and having a width of 30 feet on each side of said line. side of said line.

GEO. A. WALKEM.

Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works. Lands & Works Department. Victoria, August 6th, 1881.

The Foreign Office to the Colonial Office.

(COPY.)

Foreign Office, May 23nd, 1881.

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Sir,-I am directed by Earl Granville to state to yon, for the information of the Earl of Kimberley, that an Order in Council was passed on the 18th instant for carrying into effect the Treaty for the mutual surrender of Fugitive Crininals, signed at Berne on the 26th of November, 1880, between Great Britain and Swit-

The Order in Conneil was published in the London Gazette of the 20th instant, of which I am to enclose copies; and I am to add that the Treaty will come into operation in this country on the 30th instant, in conformity with the stipulation contained in Article I am, &c.,

(Signed) The Under Secretary of State, Colonial Office, S. W.

EXTRACT FROM

THE LONDON GAZETTE

FRIDAY, MAY 20TH, 1881.

At the Court at Windsor, the 18th day of May, 1881. PRESENT,

> The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. Lord President. Lord Steward. Earl of Northbrook.

WHEREAS by the Extradition Acts of 1870 and 1873, it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be accined expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the twentysixth day of November, one thousand eight hundred A fugitive criminal may be apprehended in either and eighty, between Her Majesty and the Swiss Fede-country under a warrant issued by any Police Magis ral Council, for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive trate, Instice of the Peace, or other competent authority,

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND. tories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with, or convicted of, the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain

respective full powers, found in good and duc form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

ARTICLE I.

Her Majesty the Qucen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland engages to deliver up, under the circumstances and on the conditions stipulated in the present Treaty, all persons, and the Swiss Federal Council engages to deliver up, under the like circumstances and conditions, all persons, except Swiss citizens, who, having been charged with, or convicted by the Tribunals of one of the two High Contracting Parties of the crimes or offences ennmerated in Article II, committed in the territory of the one party, shall

be found within the territory of the other.

In the event of the Federal Conneil being unable, by reason of his Swiss nationality, to grant the extra-dition of an individual, who after having committed in the United Kingdom one of the crimes or offences enu-merated in Article II, should have taken refuge in Switzerland, the Federal Conneil engages to give legal effect to and prosecute the charge against him according to the laws of the Canton of his origin; and the Government of the United Kingdom engages to communicate to the Federal Council all documents, depositions, and proofs relating to the case, and to cause the commissions of examination directed by the Swiss Judge, and transmitted through the proper Diplomatic channel, to be executed gratuitously.

ARTICLE II.

The crimes for which the extradition is to be granted are the following:

1. Murder (including infanticide) and attempt to murder.

2. Manslanghter.

3. Counterfeiting or altering money, uttering or bringing into circulation counterfeit or altered money.

4. Forgery, or counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged, or counterfeited, or altered; comprehensing the circulation of the line of the counterfeit of the line of the counterfeit of the line of the circulation of the line of the circulation of the line of t hending the crimes designated in the Penal Codes of both States as counterfeiting or falsification of paper money, bank notes, or other securities, forgery, or falsification of other public or private documents, likewise the uttering or bringing into circulation, or wilfully using such counterfeited, forged, or falsified papers

Embezzlement or larceny.

6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.

7. Crimes against bankruptey law.
8. Fraud committed by a baillee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any Company made criminal by any law for the time being in force.

9. Bane

9. Rape.

10. Abduction of minors.

Child stealing or kidnapping.

12. Burglary, or house-breaking, with criminal in tent.

13. Arson.

Robbery with violence. 14.

15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to

16. Perjury or subornation of perjury.
17. Malicious injury to property, if the offence be indictable.

The extradition is also to take place for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, as an accessory before or after the fact, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE III.

Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—
Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of Great Britain and Ireland and the Swiss Federal Council having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice, and to the prevention of crime within their respective terri-

tice of the Peace, or other competent anthority exer cises jurisdiction; provided, however, that, in the person shall have the right to apply for a writ of United Kingdom, the accused shall, in such case, be habens corpus; if he should so apply, his surrender sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate must be deferred until after the decision of the Court in London.

by post or by telegraph, provided they purport to be sent by some judicial or other competent authority. Such requisitions must contain a description in general terms of the crime or offence, and a statement that a warrant has been granted for the arrest of the criminal, and that his extradition will be demanded.

He shall, in accordance with this Article, be discharged, as well in the United Kingdom as in Switzerland, if within the term of thirty days a requisition for extradition shall not have been made by the Diplomatic Agent of the country claiming his surrender in accordance with the stipulations of this Treaty.

ARTICLE IV.

The requisition for extradition must always be made by the way of diplomacy, and to wit, in Switzerland by the British Minister to the President of the Coufederation, and in the United Kingdom to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Swiss-Consul in London, who, for the purposes of this Treaty, is hereby recognized by Her Majesty as a Diplomatic or offence of which he has been convicted. Representative of Switzerland.

ARTICLE V.

In the dominious of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or foreign possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:

u.) In the case of a person accused

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Diplomatic Representative of the Swiss Confederation. The said demand shall be accompanied by a warrant of arrest, or other equivalent judicial document, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly anthorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against the accused in Switzerland, and duly anthenticated depositions or statements taken on oath, or solemnly declared to be true, before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him.

The said Principal Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive. On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant

accordingly.

When the person claimed shall have been apprehended, he shall be brought before the Magistrate who issned the warrant, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner, if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in the United Kingdom, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be sent to such seaport town as shall, in each special case, be selected for his delivery to the Swiss Government.

(b.) In the case of a person convicted-

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Diplomatic Representative of Switzerland in support of his requisition shall clearly set forth the crime or offence of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the place and date of his conviction.

The evidence to be produced shall consist of the penal sentence passed against the convicted person by the competent Court of the State claiming his extra-

(c.) Persons convicted by judgment in default or arret de contumace shall be, in the matter of extradition, considered as persons accused, and may, as such, be surrendered.

(d.) After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await ernment shall be represented at the English Courts by

the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, such upon the return to the writ, and even then can only Requisitions for provisional arrest may be addressed take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case, the Court may at once order his delivery to the person anthorized to receive him, without waiting for the order of a Secretary of State for

ARTICLE VI.

In Switzerland the manner of proceeding shall be as

The requisition for the extradition of an accused person must be accompanied by an authentic copy of the warrant of arrest, issued by a competent official or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the crime or offence of which he is accused, together with a properly legalized information setting forth the facts and evidence upon which the warrant was granted.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by an authentic copy of the sentence or conviction, setting forth the crime

The requisition must also be accompanied by a description of the person claimed, and if it be possible, by other information and particulars which may serve to identify him.

After having examined these documents, the Swiss Federal Council shall communicate them to the Cantonal Government in whose territory the person charged is found, in order that he may be examined by a judicial

or police officer on the subject of their contents.

The Cantonal Government will transmit the procesrerbal of the examination, together with all the documents, accompanied, if there be one, by a more detailed report to the Federal Conneil, who, after having examined them, and there be no opposition on either side, will grant the extradition, and will communicate its decision both to the British Legation and to the Cantonal Government in question, to the latter in order that it may send the person to be surrendered to such place on the frontier, and deliver him to such foreign police authority as the British Legation may name in cach special case.

Should the documents furnished with a view of proving the facts, or of establishing the identity of the accused, or the particulars collected by the Swiss authorities appear insufficient, notice shall be immediately given to the Diplomatic Representative of Great Britain, in order that he may furnish further evidence. If such further evidence be not furnished within fifteen days the person arrested shall be set at liberty.

In the event of the application of this Treaty being contested, the Swiss Federal Council will transmit the documents ("dossier") to the Swiss Federal Tribunal, whose duty it is to decide definitely the question whether extradition should be granted or refused.

The Federal Conneil will communicate the judgment of the Federal Tribunal to the British Legation. If this judgment grants the extradition the Federal Council will order its execution, as in the case when the Federal Council itself grants the extradition. If, on the other hand, the Federal Tribunal refuses the extradition, the Federal Council will immediately order the person accused to be set at liberty.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the State applied to shall admit as entirely valid evidence the depositions or statements of witnesses, either sworn or solemnly declared to be true, taken in the other State, or copies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, or copies thereof, provided such documents purport to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of such State, and are authenticated by the official seal of a British Secretary of State, or of the Chancellor of the Swiss Confederation, being affixed thereto.

The personal attendance of witnesses can be required only to establish the identity of the person who is being proceeded against with that of the person ar-

rested.

ARTICLE VIII.

If proof sufficient to warrant the extradition be not formished within two months from the day of the apprehension, the person arrested shall be discharged from enstody.

ARTICLE IX.

In cases where it may be necessary, the Swiss Gov-

the Law Officers of the Crown, and the English Government in the Swiss Courts by the competent Swiss

The respective Governments will give the necessary assistance within their territories to the Representatives of the other State who claim their intervention there should be no Swiss Consul, through the recognized Consular Agent of another State charged with extradition.

No claim for the repayment of expenses for the question, assistance mentioned in this Article shall be made by cither of the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE X.

The present Treaty shall apply to erimes and offences committed prior to the signature of the Treaty; but a person surrendered shall not be tried for any crime or offence committed in the other country before the extradition other than the crime for which his and foreign possessions for the surrender of such indisurrender has been granted.

ARTICLE XI.

A fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is one of a political character, or if he prove that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try and punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE XII.

The extradition shall not take place if, subsequently to the commission of the crime, or the institution of the penal prosecution, or the conviction thereon, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired according to the laws of the State applied to.

ARTICLE XIII.

The extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of the Government of the United Kingdom, or the person claimed on the part of the Swiss Government, has already been tried and discharged or punished, or is still under trial, in one of the Swiss Cantons or in the United Kingdom respectively, for the crime for which his extradition is demanded.

ARTICLE XIV.

If the person claimed on the part of the Government of the United Kingdom, or if the person claimed on the part of the Swiss Government, should be under examination, or have been condemned for any other crime, in one of the Swiss Cantons or in the United Kingdom respectively, his extradition may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of

In case such individual should be proceeded against in the country in which he has taken refuge, on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his extradition shall, nevertheless, take place; the iujured party retaining his right to proseente his claims before the competent authority.

ARTICLE XV.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or severel other Powers, on account of other crimes or offences committed upon their respective territories, his extradition shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date.

ARTICLE XVI.

All articles seized, which were in the possession of the person to be surrendered at the time of his apprehension, shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to for the extradition has ordered the delivery thereof, be given up when the extradition takes place, and the said delivery shall extend not merely to the stolen articles, but to everything that may serve as a proof of the crime.

This delivery shall take place even when the extradition, after having been granted, cannot be carried out by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed, nuless the claims of third parties with regard to the above-mentioned articles render such delivery inexpedient.

ARTICLE XVII.

The contracting parties renounce any claim for the reimbursement of the expenses incurred by them in the arrest and maintenance of the person to be surrendered, and his conveyance to the frontiers of the State to which the requisition is made; they reciprocally agree to bear such expenses themselves.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty.

8

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such Colonies or foreign possessions, shall be made to the Governor or to the supreme authority of such Colony or possession the Swiss interests in the Colony or possession in

The Governor or supreme authority above-mentioned shall decide with regard to such requisitions as nearly as possible [in accordance with the provisions of the present Treaty. He will, however, be at liberty either to consent to the extradition or report the case to his

Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies viduals as shall have committed in Switzerland any of the crimes hereeinbefore mentioned, who may take refuge within such Colonies and foreign possessions, on the basis, as nearly as may be, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive crimi-

nal from any Colony or foreign possession of Her Britannie Majesty shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XIX.

The present Treaty shall come into force teu days

after its publication in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties.

After the Treaty shall have come into force, the Treaty concluded between the High Contracting Parties on the 31st of March, 1874, shall be considered as

cancelled, except as to any proceedings that may have been already taken or commenced in virtue thereof.

It may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties, on giving to the other Party six months' notice of its intention to terminate the same, but no such notices shall exceed the period of any week but no such notice shall exceed the period of one year.

The Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Berne as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Berne, the twenty-sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

(L. S.) (L. S.) C. VIVIAN. ANDERWERT.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty

were exchanged at Berne on the fifteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Conneil, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, deth orders and it is hereby ordered, that from and doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the thirtieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, the said Aets shall apply in the ease of the said Treaty with the Swiss Federal Council.

C. L. PEEL.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tender for Cariboo Trunk Road," will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Monday, 7th November next, for the maintenance of Sections 3 and 4 of the Yale-Cariboo Trunk Road.

Specifications can be seen, and blank forms of Tender, Agreement, and Bond can be obtained, at the Office of the Government Agent at New Westminster, Yale, Lytton, Kamloops, Clinton, Barkerville, and at the Land Office, Victoria.

Each Tender must be accompanied by an agreement to execute a Boud and Contract, duly signed by the

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

GEO. A. WALKEM, Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department, Victoria, B.C., September 30th, 1881.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND.

ALBERNI DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Sections 5 and 6. Alberni District bound 6, Alberni District, have been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria.

Claimants to any portion of this land should prove up their claims as provided by the "Land Act, 1875."

GEO. A. WALKEM,

Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands d. Works Department, Victoria, August 8th, 1881.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND.

COMOX DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Section 65, Comox District, has been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Vietoria.

Claimants to any portion of this land should prove up their claims as provided by the "Land Act, 1875."

GEO. A. WALKEM, Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department, Victoria, August 8th, 1881.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND.

NELSON DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Section 5, Nelson District, has been surveyed, and a map of same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria.

Claimants to any portion of this land should prove up their claims as provided by the "Land Act, 1875."

GEO. A. WALKEM, Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands & Works Department, Victoria, August 8th, 1881.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

COWICHAN DISTRICT.

OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Highway, 30 feet in width, is hereby established, viz:-

Commencing at a point where the line between Sections 7 and 8, Range 1, South Division of Salt Spring Island, intersects the waggon road from Fulford Har bour to Burgoyne Bay; thence in a South-westerly direction along the said section line, a distance of twenty-five chains, more or less, and 15 feet on each side thereof.

GEO. A. WALKEM, Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B.C., August 25th, 1881.

NOTICE.

THE date for the completion of any Assessment Roll incomplete on the 30th September, 1881, has been extended by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to the 31st inst., and the final revision of such 40 chains, more or less, to the shore line of Rivers Rolls to the 30th November, 1881.

By Command. T. ELWYN,

Deputy Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office, 1st October, 1881.

PUBLIC HIGHWAYS

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Highways, 40 feet in width, are hereby established, viz:-

Commencing at the S. E. corner of Lot 400, Group 1; thence due West, along the line between Lots 400, 395, and 244 on the one side, and 399, 396, and 245 on the other, and the production of said line through Lot 248, Group 1, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 243, Group 1 243, Group 1.

Also, commencing at the S. E. corner of Lot 243, Group 1; thence due West, along the line between Lots 243 and 276 on one side, and 241 and 242 on the

The roadway being 20 feet on each side of said lines.

GEO. A. WALKEM Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works

Lands & Works Department, Victoria, June 24th, 1881.

Miscellaneous Actices.

CROWN GRANTS ORDINANCE, 1870."

SOUTH SAANICH DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I shall, in pursuance of the "Crown Grants Ordinance, 1870," and at the expiration of three calendar months from the date hereof, recommend the issue of a Crown Grant to RICHARD JOHNS of all those pieces of land represented within the lines lettered III. E. 3 S., and IV. E. 3 S., on the Official Map of South Saanich District (commonly known as Section 3, Range 3 East, and Section 3, Range 4 East), said to contain 163 acres more or less, unless objection be made to me, in writing in the meantime, against the issue thereof. writing in the meantime, against the issue thereof.

H. B. W. AIKMAN, Land Registry Office, Registrar-General. 16th July, 1881.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land situated on McGrath Island, north side of Skeena River, commencing at a post at the South-east corner, running Westerly on the bank of the river about 40 about and large transports. chains, and back from the river sufficient distance to enclose one hundred and sixty acres.

No mines or minerals are known to exist in the

vicinity.

Victoria, B. C.,21st September, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land, situated at Rivers Inlet, and described as follows:-

Commencing at a stake on the North shore of Rivers Inlet; thence running true North for a distance of 40 chains; thence true East, 40 chains; thence true South, Inlet; thence West, along the said shore line, for a distance of 40 chains, more or less, to the point of commencement.

MICHAEL HART.

THOS. SHOTBOLT

Victoria, B.C. September 27th, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase One hundred and sixty (160) aeres of land, situate on the South side of the Skeena River, between Point Lambert and Port Essington, about two miles below Port Essington: Commencing at a stake near high-water mark, and following the shore for a distance of forty chains to a stake marked B: thence in a South-easterly direction, a distance of forty chains, to a stake marked C; thence in a South-westerly direction, a distance of forty chains, to a stake marked D; and thence a distance of forty chains to the point of commencement.

No mining or mineral claims are known to exist in the neighbourhood.

ALEXANDER McNEILL.

 $Skeena\ River,$ August 12th, 1881.

NOTICE,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase One hundred and sixty acres of land, more or less, situate at Nimkush River, Vancouver Island, and described as follows:

Commencing at the North-east corner stake of the Nimkush Indian Reserve, which is situate about 10 chains North-easterly from the North side of the old village site, described in the Admiralty Chart as "Cherlakee;" thenee true West, along the Northern boundary of said Indian Reserve, for a distance of 40 chains; thence true North, for a distance of 40 chains; thence true East, for a distance of 40 chains, more or less, to the shore line on Johnston Strait; thence in a Southerly direction, following the said shore line of Johnston Strait, to the point of commencement; and containing 160 acres, more or less.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to exist in the point beauty.

exist in the neighbourhood.

S. A. SPENCER.

Victoria, B. C., August 3rd, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated on the North bank of the Skeena River, about four miles below the Inverness Cannery's fishing eamp: Commencing at a stake marked "S.E. stake," and running along the bank of the river, in a Westerly direction, about forty chains; then North, forty chains; then East, forty chains; then South, forty chains, to the place of commencement.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to

exist in the neighbourhood.

R. BYRN.

August 15th, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that we intend to make application to purchase twenty-three thousand and forty (23,040) acres of Crown Land, situate at False Head, Broughton Strait, and Rupert Arm, Quatsino Sound, Vaneouver Island, British Columbia; commencing at the South-east corner post of Section No. 1, Quatsino District, situate on Rupert Arm, Quatsino Sound; thence true North, following the East boundary of said Section No. 1, 80 chains, more or less, to the North-east corner of said Section No. 1: thence true North two miles: thence true No. 1; thence true North, two miles; thence true East, nine miles; thence true North, two miles, more or less, to False Head on Broughton Strait; thence in an Easterly direction to a point on the shore of Broughton Strait, four miles, more or less; thenee true South, two miles, more or less, to a point true East from the head of Rupert Arm; thenee true

exist in the neighbourhood.

J. ROLAND HETT,

M. W. WAITT,

DONALD McLEAN, H. S. ROEBUCK, ARTHUR STANHOPE FARWELL.

Victoria, B.C., May 30th, 1881.

NOTICE.

OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to purchase One hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situate at Point Lambert, on the South side of Skeena River: Commencing at a stake situate in a small Bay, East of Point Lambert, and running South forty chains; thence West to river, and following river round the point to the point of commencement.

No mines or mineral claims are known to exist in the neighbourhood.

GEORGE HARGREAVES. Victoria, August 19th, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) aeres of Crown Land, situated on the North bank of the Skeena River, and adjoining the property of the Inverness Cannery, and adjoining the property of the Inverness Cannery, about one and a half miles below the Aberdeen Cannery: Commencing at a stake near high-water mark and running along the bank of the river, in a Westerly direction, about forty (40) chains; then North, forty (40) chains; then East, forty (40) chains; then South, forty (40) chains, to the place of companyment. of commencement.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to

exist in the neighbourhood.

JOHN CARTHEW.

August 15th, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of unsurveyed land, situate on the South bank of the Skeena River, about two miles above the Aberdeen Cannery, at the confluence of a small stream with the Skeena River: Commencing at a stake marked "N.E. stake," placed near high-water mark, and running along the bank of the river, in a South wasterly direction, about forty, chains, thence South-westerly direction, about forty chains; thence East, forty chains; thence North, forty chains; thence West, forty chains, back to the place of commencement.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to

exist in the neighbourhood.

JOHN ROBERTSON. August 15th, 1881.

NOTICE.

OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situate on the South bank of Skeena River: Commencing at a stake marked A, on a point about one and a half miles below Point Lambert, and follows the bank of said river upwards, for a distance of eighty chains, to a stake marked B; thence in a South-easterly direction, a distance of twenty chains, to a stake marked C; thence in a South-westerly direction, a distance of eighty chains, to a stake marked D; thence in a North-westerly direction, twenty chains, to point of commencement.

No mining or mineral claims are known to exist in

the neighbourhood.

JOHN McDOWELL.

Skeena River, August 12th, 1881.

NOTICE.

OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, under Section 6, "Land Amendment Act, 1879," to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) aeres of Crown Land, situated in Nicola Valley, at the foot East from the head of Rupert Arm; thence true 1575, West, nine miles, more or less, to the head of Rupert of Crewn Land, situated in Nicola Valley, at the root Arm; thence in a Westerly direction, following the sinuosities of the shore, to the initial point.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to exist in the neighbourhood.

North-west, twenty chains; thence to the starting stake on South-west corner, forty chains.

No mining claims are known to exist on said land.

A notice has been posted on the land.

WILLIAM PALMER,

Nicola Valley, B.C. August 6th, 1881.

LAND FOR TAXES. SALE OF

Taxes remaining unpaid in Nanaimo District, on account of Assessment made in 1880. Tax collectible on and after 2nd January, 1881.

Name of person assessed.	Description of Tax.	Description of the Parcels, Sections, or Lots.	Amount.
Foster, Josiah Green, Charles, Harrower, Samuel LeBeouf, Theodore	Real and wild landdo. do. do. Real and personal	West 25 acres S. 20, R. 2, Mountain District. N.W. \(\) S. 21, 97 acres, Gabriola District. S.E. \(\) \(\) S. 24, 54 \(\), do. S.F. \(\) \(\) S. 9, 158 \(\), do. N.E. \(\) \(6 30 3 51 10 48

And, in accordance with the law, I hereby give notice that I shall offer for sale, by Public Auction, any lands of persons assessed by me on which taxes, including Personal Property Tax, together with the cost of advertising and other expenses, remaining unpaid on the day of sale.

Under the Statute, persons liable to pay taxes imposed by the Assessment Acts, are personally liable for the amount thereof, and all lands of such persons situate within the Province are also liable therefor. The taxes are a charge on such lands, having preference over any claim, lien, privilege, or incumbrance of any party, except the Crown, and does not require registration to preserve it.

The above sale will take place on the 30th September, 1881, at the Court House, Nanaimo, at 12 o'clock noon.

Nanaimo, B.C.,12th August, 1881.

MARSHAL BRAY,

PUBLIC NOTICE,

ALL PERSONS using Ditches for irrigation or other purposes along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway are warned to take immediate steps Pacific Railway are warned to take immediate steps to prevent the overflow and leakage of water through such ditches, as such leakage and overflow is liable ment Act, 1879," to purchase 160 acres of land, situate to injure the banks and permanent way of the Rail- in the Osoyoos Division of the District of Yale, on the

JOSEPH W. TRUTCH,

Dominion Government Agent. Office of the Dominion Government Agent, Victoria, B.C., May 30, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I entend to apply to purchase one hundred and sixty aeres of land situated on the North bank of the Naas River. Said one hundred and sixty acres are contained within a line commencing at a post on the shore of the river situated about a quarter of a mile West of Red Bluffs; from the post the line runs in a Westerly direction forty chains; thence in a Northerly direction forty chains; thence in an Easterly direction forty chains, and from thence to the point of commencement.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to exist on the said one hundred and sixty acres.

HENRY E. CROASDAILE.

15th September, 1881.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is HEREBY GIVEN, that a Court of Appeal and Revision for the Lytton and Cache Creek Polling No mining claims or mi Divisions of the Electoral District of Yale, will be held exist in the neighbourhood. at the Bonaparte House, Cache Creek, on Tuesday, the 25th day of October, 1881, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

CHARLES A. SEMLIN, Judge of Court of Appeal.

Cache Creek, Sept. 3rd, 1881.

NOTICE.

way, and for all such injury the ditch owners will be South side of the trail leading to Cherry Creek: Com-held responsible. Peter Bissett's house, running thence 40 chains North; thence 40 chains East; thence 40 chains South; thence 40 chains West, to point of commencement.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to

exist in the neighbourhood.

LUC GIROUARD.

Assessor and Collector.

Okanayan, B.C., 13th July, 1881.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I intend to make application to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of unsurveyed land, situated on the low peninsula in Templar Channel, Clayoquot Sound; commencing at a stake on the point opposite Stubbs' Island, and running along the shore in an Easterly direction for a distance of about forty (40) chains; thence due South for a distance of forty (40) chains; thence due West for a distance of forty (40) chains; thence in a Northerly direction along the shore line to the point of commencement.

No mining claims or mineral lands are known to

HUGH McKAY.

Victoria, Sept. 12th, 1881.

Printed every Saturday, by Richard Wolfenden, Government Printer, at the Government Printing Office, James' Bay, Victoria.

